

SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier 45612

Product IdentitySlide Econo-Spray Mold CleanerOther means of identificationSlide Econo-Spray Mold Cleaner

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Industrial Mold Cleaner.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Slide Products Inc.

430 Wheeling Road Wheeling, IL 60090

Emergency

24 hour Emergency Telephone

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500

No.

(International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

Customer Service: Phone: 1-847-541-7220

Fax: 1-847-541-7986

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.



SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Label elements







Danger

Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

[Prevention]:

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking. Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

[Response]:

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Leaking gas fire - do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely.

In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

[Storage]:

Store in a well ventilated place.

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place.

[Disposal]:

No GHS disposal statements

Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals.



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Hydrocarbon Solvent CAS Number: 64742-48-9 Synonyms: Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum), Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		Aspiration hazard, category 1;H304	No data available
Petroleum gases, liquefied CAS Number: 68476-86-8 Synonyms: Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	3 - 13	Gas under pressure;H280 Flammable Gas, category 1;H220	No data available

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or

stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and

obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart

and seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a

recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce

vomiting.

^{*}PBT/vPvB - PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.



Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

Inhalation:Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression.

SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death. Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure: Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys.

Treat symptomatically. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.



SDS Revision	Date:	10/29	/2024
---------------------	-------	-------	-------

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide foam, water fog, or inert gas (nitrogen) for small fires. For large fires use foam, water fog, or water spray. Water fog and spray are effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures but might cause frothing and/or not achieve extinguishment. A water jet may be used to cool the container's external walls to prevent pressure build-up, auto ignition, or explosion. NEVER use a water jet directly on the fire. Product will float and can be re-ignited on surface of water.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking. Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking.

ERG Guide No.



SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area and avoid breathing vapors. Take the personal protective measures listed in section 8.

Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible materials e.g. sand, earth, and vermiculite. Place in closed containers outside buildings and dispose of according to the Waste Regulations. Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up with noncombustible absorbent material. Remove absorbent material for proper disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

Other Precautions: All labeled precautions must be observed when handling, storing and transporting empty containers due to product residues. Do not reuse containers. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release fumes from residues. Keep containers closed and drum bungs in place. Dispose of in a licensed facility.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

Specific end use(s)

No available information



SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
64742-48-9	Hydrocarbon Solvent	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
68476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit

Exposure controls

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

the appropriate, certified respirators.

Eyes Protective safety glasses recommended

Skin Avoid skin contact. Wear nitrile or similar chemical resistant gloves to keep skin

contact to a minimum.

Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations regarding the suitability of any

gloves used.

Engineering Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be

Controls achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If

these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor

below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking,

Practices smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly

before reuse.

See section 2 for further details.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Pressurized aerosol dispensed as a mist.

Color Clear

Odor Slight Hydrocarbon
Melting point / freezing point -31 °C / -25 °F

Initial boiling point and boiling range 71-78 °C / 160-174 °F

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Gas, category 1;H220 Extremely

flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive

limits

Upper Explosive Limit:25%

Lower Explosive Limit:4.0%

SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Flash Point Flammable aerosol

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

PH

No available information

Kow)

Vapor pressure (Pa) 14 mm Hg

Relative Density 0.748 (1 = Water)

Vapor Density >1 (Air = 1)

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) 20 minutes

Oxidising properties

No available information

Explosive properties

No available information

Water Solubility Nil

Other information

No other relevant information.



SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No available information

Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Hydrocarbon Solvent - (64742-48-9)					
	> 5,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	>2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.



Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Petroleum gases, liquefied - (68476- 86-8)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
64742-48-9	Hydrocarbon Solvent	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No;
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
68476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No;
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

Possible routes of entry:

Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed::

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

Inhalation:Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression.



Ingestion:Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death.

SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Skin Contact:Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure: Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys. Treat symptomatically.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data. **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/L	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/L	ErC50 algae, mg/L
Hydrocarbon Solvent - (64742-48-9)	18.00, Oncorhynchus mykiss	4.50, Daphnia magna	3.10, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Petroleum gases, liquefied - (68476-86-8)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

Bioaccumulative potential

No available information

Mobility in soil

No available information

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

Other adverse effects

No available information



SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, provincial and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

Section 14. Transport information

When shipped in containers of 0.3 gallons (1 L) or less this material may be reclassified in accordance with DOT regulations 49 CFR 173.150 / IATA DGR packing instruction Y341/ IMDG Code 3.4 as: Limited Quantity.

	DOT (Domestic Surface	IMO / IMDG (Ocean	ICAO/IATA
	Transportation)	Transportation)	
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper	Aerosols	Aerosols	Aerosols,
shipping name			flammable
Transport hazard	DOT Hazard Class:2.1	IMDG:2.1	Air Class:2.1
class(es)	Sub Class: Not Applicable	Sub Class: Not Applicable	Sub Class:Not
			Applicable
Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant: No;

Special precautions for user

No available information



Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only

SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

selected regulations are represented.

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

CAS Number	Ingredient	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Comments	Status
0064742-48-9	Hydrocarbon Solvent	Yes	UVCB	ACTIVE
0068476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied	Yes	UVCB	ACTIVE

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 Label Warning:

This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.



SDS Revision Date: 10/29/2024

Section 16. Other information

SDS Revision Date 10/29/2024

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards Not determined	Flammability Not determined	Instability Not determined	Special Hazards Not determined
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards 0	Personal Protection

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Disclaimer: The information presented herein is supplied as a guide to those who handle or use this product. Safe work practices must be employed when working with any materials. It is important that the end user makes a determination regarding the adequacy of the safety procedures employed during the use of this product.

End of Document